

Good practices and challenges in e-learning

From training to lifelong learning
A transformative approach to e-learning

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Current trends in professional development of civil servants
Employment, Support, Counselling to Meet Labour Market Needs (ESCape)
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Lifelong learning?

If people (have to) learn their whole lives...

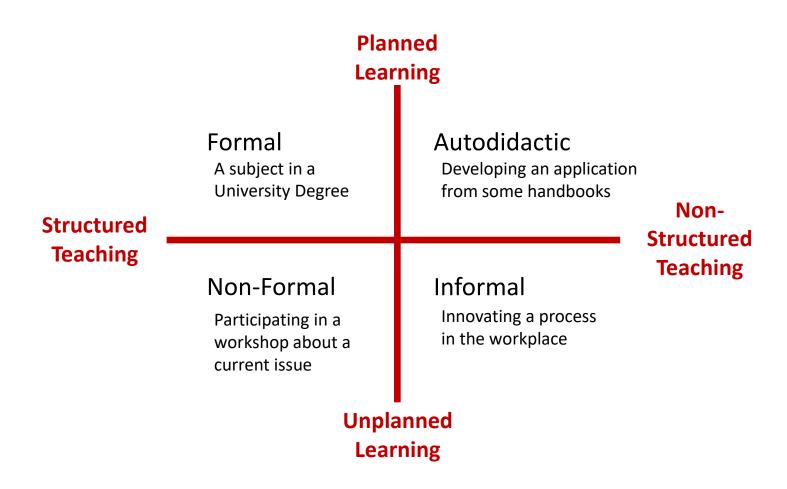
What will happen when "I am not there"?

Two sets of strategies

- While "I am here": fostering learning to learn
- When "I am not there": scaffold lifelong learning

How can e-learning and ICT technologies in general contribute to it?

Outranging formal training



While "I am here": Fostering learning to learn

Outranging formal training (revisited)

Turn educational institutions expendable

Ten strategies that sum up as

- Foster a heutagogic model of learning
- Help learners to build their own personal learning environments

The School

- Opening up space
- Opening up time

E.g.

Virtual campuses

The Classroom

- Promote the creation of community
- Enable proactivity
- Allow the entry of information from 'the outside'
- Allow information from 'the inside' to go out
- Blur barriers with informal learning

- Social networks
- xMOOCs



The Textbook

- Promote the update of content
- Boost creativity through the creation of resources
- Support to collaborative work
- Analyze replicability and traceability of changes

- Open educational resources
- Informal non-educational-purposed resources
- Collaborative documents / wikis



The Library

- Improve the capacity of synthesis
- Foster the capacity of analysis
- Promote the quality of a work by exposing it
- Establish open debates between authors

- Personal bibliographies/collections
- Content-based social networks



The Syllabus

- Have an active role in determining the syllabus
- Foster a feeling of closeness or presence
- Develop immediacy by adapting the repertory
- Capitalize on the mobility of the learner

- Vertical social networks
- Classmate-generated content



The Schedule

- Shift from content to capabilities and skills
- Bridge formal education and non-formal and informal education

- Asynchronous learning
- Flipped classroom
- Vertical social networks

The Teacher

- Incorporate new actors
- Experience-based learning
- Simulation of real environments, real cases
- Engage with others, sense of the shared and collaborative construction

- Classmate-generated content
- Communities of learning / practice / cMOOCs
- Vertical social networks



Evaluation

- Incorporate strategies to monitor surroundings
- Configure one's personal learning environment
- Foster critical learning by situating the student on the other side of the mirror
- Peer-to-peer evaluation

- cMOOCs
- Open evaluation



Certification

- Certification vs. relevance
- Work on informal indicators of quality or interest

E.g.

Informal credentials for reputation

The Curriculum

- What is known vs. what can be applied
- Stocks vs. flows

- ePortfolio
- Personal Learning Environment (PLE)

An ecology of learning tasks (I)

- Provide the context within which learning takes place.
- Identify spaces in which exchange, collaboration and cooperative work can take place.
- Promote interaction so that these spaces, in these contexts, can be oriented towards learning.

An ecology of learning tasks (II)

- Provide the necessary tools to draw a correct diagnosis one's learning stage in relation to others and, particularly, in relation to oneself.
- Identify learning goals, which in fact correspond to new spaces to occupy in relation to how we have defined the future.
- Promote the design of learning paths as a nexus between diagnosis and learning goals. Incorporate the necessary resources into this design to catalyse interaction and bring together the results.

When "I am not there": Scaffolding lifelong learning

Outranging learning spaces

- Create learning spaces
- Validate spaces as learning ones
- Facilitate spaces, participate, bring resources in

Outranging learning objects

- Create learning objects
- Validate objects as learning ones
- Promote third parties' informal learning objects by cataloguing, archiving, disseminating

Outranging learning objects

- Become a mentor when ceasing to be a teacher
- Be a knowledge benchmark in the field
- Be reachable, responsive, at hand
- Spotlight and give voice to other (informal) actors
- Articulate and facilitate communities
- Catalyze knowledge constructs as handy learning objects

Outranging learning methodologies

- Create and freely release methodologies and instruments. Give up the monopoly of knowledge.
- Contribute to the interoperability of learning instruments.
 - Create standards of reference.
 - Co-create methodologies.
- Work for learnability, meta-cognition. Create spaces and instruments about learning.
- Work for learning ecosystems: platforms, codes, methodologies, instances.

Further reading

Further reading

Peña-López, I. (2018). "<u>Translearning: unfolding educational institutions to scaffold lifelong networked learning</u>". In Zorn, A., Haywood, J. & Glachant, J. (Eds.), *Higher Education in the Digital Age. Moving Academia Online, Chapter 3*, 55-82. Northampton, MA: Edgar Elgar.

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http://ictlogy.net/presentations/20221114_ismael_pena-lopez_-_training_lifelong_learning_transformative_approach_e-learning.pdf

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